

KATHMANDU UNIVERSITY  
End Semester Examination  
February/March, 2018

Marks Scored:

Level : B.Sc.  
Year : III

Course : MATH 301  
Semester: I

Exam. Roll No.:

Time: 30 mins.

F.M. : 20

Registration No.:

Date **MAR 05, 2018**

SECTION "A"  
[10 Q.×1=10 marks]

Fill in the blanks by the most appropriate word(s), figure(s) or symbol(s).

1. Consider the logical statements  $p$ : Today is Wednesday,  $q$ : It is raining, and  $r$ : It is cold. The meaning of expression  $(p \vee q) \Leftrightarrow r$  is \_\_\_\_\_.
2. If  $p$  and  $q$  are true and  $r$  is false, then the truth value of  $(p \vee q) \vee r$  is \_\_\_\_\_.
3. Let  $a$  and  $b$  be two integers with  $b > 0$ , then according to division theorem there exists integers  $q$  and  $r$  with  $0 < r \leq b$ , such that  $a =$  \_\_\_\_\_.
4.  $[4](\text{mod } 5) + [3](\text{mod } 5) =$  \_\_\_\_\_
5. Let  $A_n = [n, n + 1], n \in Z$ , then  $A_2 \cup A_4 =$  \_\_\_\_\_.
6. Let  $A$  be a fuzzy set defined as  $A = \{(x_1, 0), (x_2, 0.3), (x_3, 0.5)\}$ , then the complement of  $A$  is given by \_\_\_\_\_.
7. A relation  $R$  on a set  $A$  is called partially ordering if it is reflexive, transitive and \_\_\_\_\_.
8. In the poset  $(Z^+, |)$  the integers 3 and 5 are not comparable since \_\_\_\_\_.
9. Let  $A = (\{1, 2, 3, \dots, 10\}, /)$  be a poset then in subset  $\{1, 2, 3\}$ , the least upper bound is \_\_\_\_\_.
10. A vertex  $v$  in a graph is said to be reachable from the vertex  $u$  if there exists a \_\_\_\_\_.

SECTION "B"  
[10 Q.×1=10 marks]

Fill in the blank space by choosing the most appropriate answers from the given choices.

11. Which rule of inference is used in verifying that  $(p \Rightarrow q) \wedge p \Rightarrow q$ ?  
(i) modus ponens (ii) modus tollens  
(iii) hypothetical syllogism (iv) disjunctive syllogism
12. Let " $k(x)$ :  $x$  is a student" and " $l(x)$ :  $x$  is clever." then the statement that "some students are clever" is denoted by \_\_\_\_\_  
(i)  $\exists x (k(x) \wedge l(x))$  (ii)  $\forall x (k(x) \wedge l(x))$   
(iii)  $\forall x (k(x) \Rightarrow l(x))$  (iv)  $\exists x (k(x) \vee l(x))$ .

13. If  $\gcd(a, b) = d$ , then  $\gcd\left(\frac{a}{d}, \frac{b}{d}\right) =$  \_\_\_\_\_.  
 (i) a                      (ii) b                      (iii) d                      (iv) 1
14. Let  $A_1, A_2, \dots, A_n$  be subsets of a set  $A$ , with (i)  $A_1 \cup A_2 \cup \dots \cup A_n = A$  and (ii)  $A_i \cap A_j = \emptyset$ , for  $i \neq j$ , then  $A_1, A_2, \dots, A_n$  are called \_\_\_\_\_ of  $A$ .  
 (i) union                      (ii) intersection                      (iii) partition                      (iv) difference
15. If  $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$  and  $B = \{4, 5, 6, 7\}$  then  $(A \cup B) \Delta A =$  \_\_\_\_\_  
 (i)  $\{1, 2, 3, 4\}$                       (ii)  $\{3, 4, 5\}$                       (iii)  $\{6, 7\}$                       (iv)  $\{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$
16. Let  $P = \{(1, 2), (2, 4), (3, 3)\}$  and  $Q = \{(1, 3), (2, 4), (4, 2)\}$  then  $\text{dom}(P \cup Q) =$   
 \_\_\_\_\_  
 (i)  $\{1, 2, 3\}$                       (ii)  $\{1, 2\}$                       (iii)  $\{2, 3, 4\}$                       (iv)  $\{1, 2, 3, 4\}$
17. Which of the following relations represent a poset ? \_\_\_\_\_  
 (i)  $R = \{(a, b) \in Z \times Z : |a - b| \leq 1\}$                       (ii)  $R = \{(a, b) \in Z \times Z : |a| \leq |b|\}$   
 (iii)  $R = \{(a, b) \in Z \times Z : a | b\}$                       (iv)  $R = \{(a, b) \in Z \times Z : a - b \leq 0\}$
18. In a graph, the special type of walk in which all edges and vertices are distinct, except the first and last vertices is called \_\_\_\_\_  
 (i) path                      (ii) circuit                      (iii) trail                      (iv) cycle
19. A geometric representation of graph redrawn in such way that no two of its edges intersect except only at the common vertex is called \_\_\_\_\_  
 (i) subgraph                      (ii) regular graph                      (iii) planar graph                      (iv) isomorphic graph
20. In a binary tree with  $n$  vertices the number of pendant vertices is \_\_\_\_\_.  
 (i)  $n$                       (ii)  $(n + 1)/2$                       (iii)  $n + 1$                       (iv)  $n - 2$

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MAR 05 2018  
Course : MATH 301  
Semester: I  
F.M. : 55

Level : B.Sc.  
Year : III  
Time : 2 hrs. 30 mins.

SECTION "C"

[3 Q.×7=21 marks]

1. Use prime factorization method to find gcd and lcm of (150, 70). Let a and b be two positive integers, then prove that

$$\gcd(a, b) \times \text{lcm}(a, b) = a \times b$$

Solve linear congruence  $8x \equiv 2 \pmod{9}$  [1+3+3]

2. Let R be the relation on the set of integers defined by

$$R = \{(x, y) : 6 \mid (x - y)\}$$

Prove that the relation is reflexive, symmetric and transitive. Consider the relation  $R = \{(0, 1), (1, 2), (2, 3)\}$  defined on  $A = \{0, 1, 2, 3\}$ . Find reflexive closure, symmetric closure and transitive closure of R by using graphical method. [3+4]

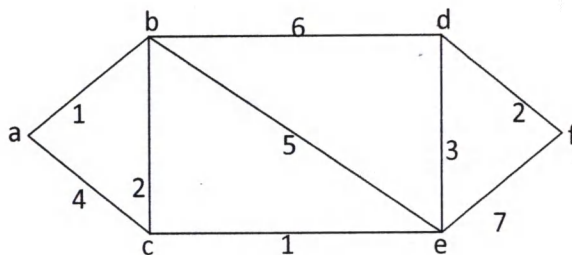
OR

- (a) Define composition of two functions  $f: A \rightarrow B$  and  $g: B \rightarrow C$ . If the function  $f: R \rightarrow R$  be defined by  $f(x) = x^2 + 1$ , then find  $f^{-1}(-8)$  and  $f^{-1}(17)$ . [3]  
 (b) Use Warshall's algorithm to find the transitive closure of relation  $\{(1, 2), (2, 1), (2, 3), (3, 4), (4, 1)\}$  on  $\{1, 2, 3, 4\}$ . [4]

3. Draw the graph represented by following adjacency matrix and use the matrix to verify that the graph is connected.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Use Dijkstra's algorithm to determine the shortest path in following weighted graph: [3+4]

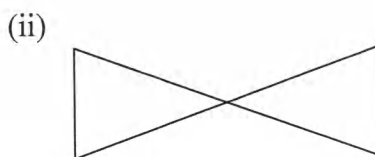
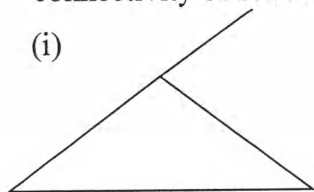


SECTION "D"

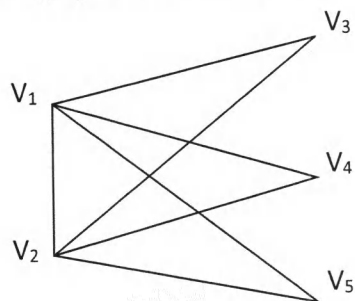
[6 Q.×4=24 marks]

4. (a) Using truth table show that a conditional statement  $a \Rightarrow b$  is equivalent to its contrapositive  $\sim b \Rightarrow \sim a$ .  
 (b) Prove using 'Logics of Proof' that "If  $(p \wedge q) \vee (r \Rightarrow s)$ ,  $t \Rightarrow r$ ,  $\sim (p \wedge q)$ , then  $t \Rightarrow s$  is valid."

5. Let A and B be two fuzzy sets defined as  $A = \{(4, 0.1), (6, 0.5), (8, 0.6), (10, 0.7)\}$  and  $B = \{(4, 0.2), (6, 1), (8, 0.4), (10, 0.5)\}$ , find  $A \cup B$ ,  $A \cap B$ ,  $A^C$  and  $A - B$ .
6. Prove that composition of functions is associative, i.e., prove that if  $f: A \rightarrow B$ ,  $g: B \rightarrow C$  and  $h: C \rightarrow D$ , then  $(h \circ g) \circ f = h \circ (g \circ f)$ .
7. Given the relation R on  $\{1, 2, 3, 4\}$  defined by  $R = \{(1, 1), (1, 2), (1, 3), (2, 2), (3, 2), (3, 3), (4, 2), (4, 3), (4, 4)\}$ . Show that R is partially ordering and draw its Hasse diagram.
8. Define (i) edge connectivity and (ii) vertex connectivity of a graph. Identify the edge connectivity of following graphs-



9. What type of graph is called Eulerian graph? What condition on degree of vertices is satisfied by Eulerian graph? Hence identify whether following graph is Eulerian-



SECTION "E"  
[5 Q.×2=10 marks]

10. State the rule of 'modus tollens' used in logical inference with an example.
11. Translate following statement into logical expressions – (a) every person is precious (b) some students of this college passed MBA entrance examination.
12. Let  $A = \{2, 3, 4\}$  and  $B = \{3, 4, 5\}$ . List the elements of relation  $aRb$ , if a and b are both odd numbers. Also state the domain and range of R.
13. Let  $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 8, 12, 18, 24\}$ . Let R be a relation defined by  $x | y$ , where  $x, y \in A$ . List elements of R and show that it is partially ordering.
14. Draw the binary tree to represent the given expression and convert the expression in prefix form :  $(x + 3y)^5 (a - 2b)$