





KATHMANDU UNIVERSITY  
End Semester Examination  
July/August, 2017

AUG 18 2017

Level : B.E.  
Year : IV  
Time : 2 hrs. 30 mins.

Course : ETEG 417  
Semester : II  
F. M. : 55

SECTION "B"

[5 Q. × 11 = 55 marks]

Attempt *ANY FIVE* questions.

1. a. Explain different types TDM transmission technology in brief. [7]  
b. A three stage switching structure is to accommodate  $N=128$  input and 128 output terminals. For 16 first stage and 16 last stage, determine the number of crosspoints for nonblocking. [4]
2. a. Draw the block diagram of digital switching system architecture. Explain analog termination in brief. [6]  
b. Draw the block diagram of distributed SPC organisation. Explain its different processing level in brief. [5]
3. a. Explain the theory of lost call system. Derive the formula for Erlang's lost call (Erlang B) for a full availability group of  $N$  trunks offered traffic  $A$  erlangs. [7]  
b. A message switching network is to be designed for 90% utilization of its transmission link. Assuming exponential distributed message lengths and an arrivals rate of 10 message per minute. What is the average waiting time and what is the probability that the waiting time exceeds 3 minutes. [4]
4. a. Draw the block diagram of SS7 protocol suite and explain them in brief. [7]  
b. In telephone switching system if the call arrival rate is 8 per hour and service rate is 9 per hour then calculate [4]  
i) length of the system  
ii) waiting time in the queue  
iii) probability of at least one people in the system  
iv) probability that there is no queue
5. a. Explain infinite queue length single server  $M/M/1:\infty/\infty$  model and derive the relation  $P_n = \rho^n (1 - \rho)$ . [7]  
b. A group of 20 servers carry a traffic of 10 erlangs. If the average duration of a call is three minutes, calculate the number of calls put through by a single server and the group as a whole in a one-hour period [4]
6. a. Draw the state transition diagram for the binomial case and obtain the binomial formula for the case in which a call attempt from an idle source is never blocked. [7]  
b. Write short notes on: [2 × 2 = 4]  
i. Erlang-k distribution  
ii. Channel associated signalling

