

Mark Scored:

KATHMANDU UNIVERSITY
End Semester Examination
August/September, 2017

Level : B. Tech.

Year : III

Exam Roll No. :

Time: 30 min

Course : ENVS 345

Semester : II

F. M. : 20

Registration No.:

Date

SEP 03 2017

SECTION "A"

[20 Q × 0.5 = 10 marks]

Multiple choice questions.

1. New World monkeys are said to be from
 Asia Africa America Europe
2. Those who believe that the truths are contextual are
 universalists relativists utilitarian ecofeminists
3. The boundaries between the disciplines are dissolved in
 monodisciplinary approach multidisciplinary approach
 interdisciplinary approach transdisciplinary approach
4. The natural resource confined within a state's boundary is
 bilateral resource multilateral resource
 transboundary resource national resource
5. Human to humans interactions is highest in
 town city metropolis megalopolis
6. Medical insurance of KU students in Dhulikhel Hospital is an example of
 public goods group goods private goods global goods
7. The taxonomic group 'Semians' include animals such as
 lemurs lorises tarsiers apes
8. The legal order in International law is
 vertical horizontal circular triangular
9. Noninterference and nonmaleficence are the tenets of
 biocentrism anthropocentrism nihilism reductionism
10. In the dynamics of policy making, political process is highest in
 monitoring stage implementation stage
 issue recognition stage policy formation stage
11. The phenomena of enjoying benefit without contributing is
 free market free time free driver free rider

12. The value of Human Development Index ranges from
 0 – 10 0 – 1 0 – 100 0 – 12
13. In our society moral agent is generally ascribed to
 adult men women children mentally retarded
14. In international law, the decisions by reputed INGO's are referred as
 state law soft law case law customary law
15. In the course of human evolution bipedalism was possible because of the
 enlargement of cranial capacity development of eyes
 absence of diastema erect posture
16. Domination and duality are the characteristics of
 patriarchal society anthropocentric society
 matriarchal society biocentric society
17. Top-down approach carries the spirit of
 democracy decentralization autocracy participation
18. The primary source of international law is
 case law customary law
 decisions by INGO's general principle of state law
19. Primary group is characterize by
 large size less emotional ties
 informal rules formal rules
20. Free market economy favors
 privatization subsidies regulations state ownership

SECTION "B"

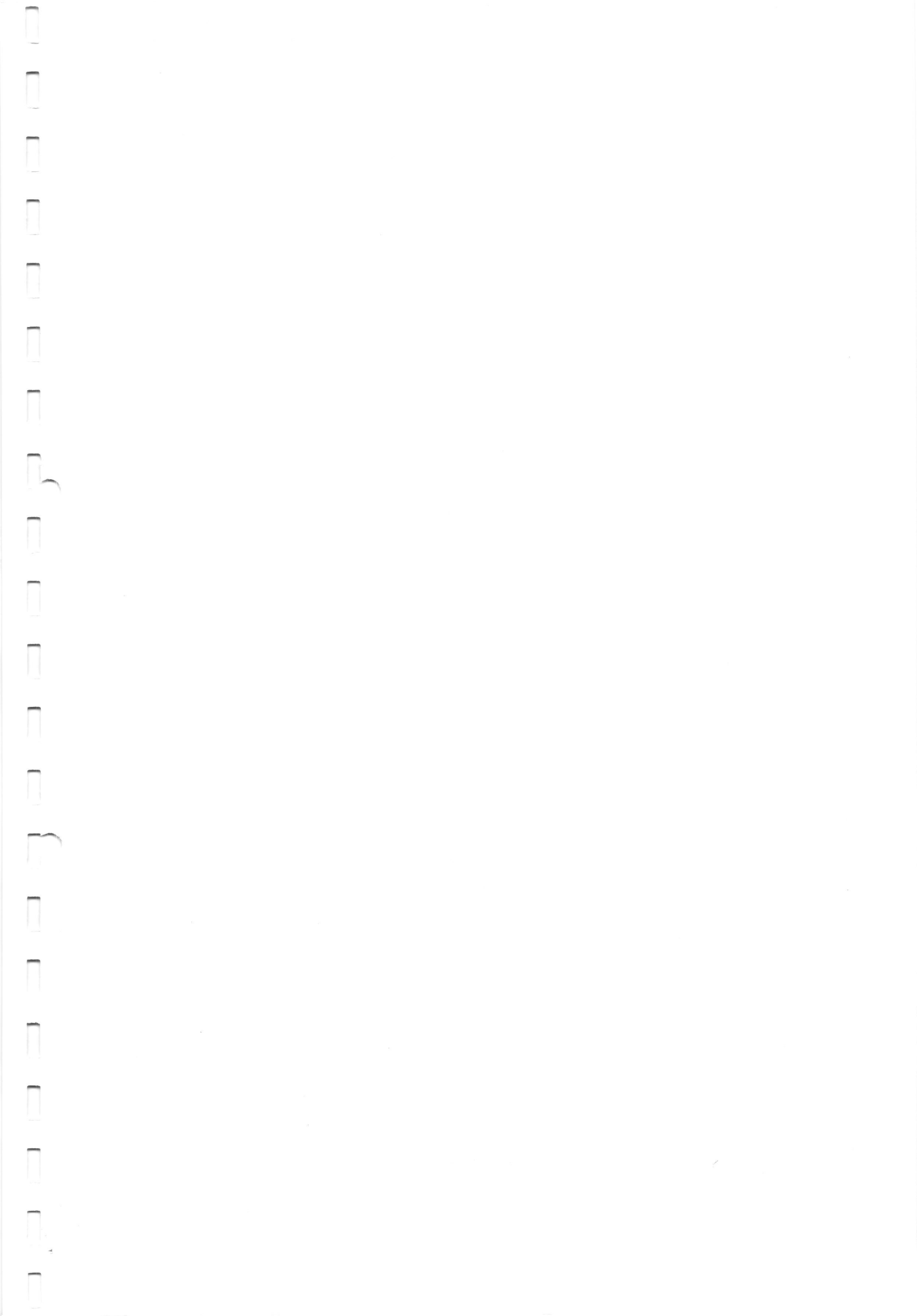
[20 × 0.5 = 10 marks]

Fill in the blanks with correct word/s.

21. _____ is a human organization in which economy is mainly based on agriculture.
22. The case could be filed in _____ for the disputes between the States.
23. 'The Logic of Collective Action' is written by _____
24. The continent _____ is referred to as the old world.
25. Hippies fit as an example of ethical principle _____
26. _____ are non-excludable and indivisible.

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27. The overlapping metropolitan area is called _____
28. A couple is an example of _____
29. Top-down approach of decision making is good during _____
30. Production Possibility Curve shows the relation between economy and _____
31. Normally _____ produces the first draft text with many square brackets in treaty.
32. In ancient Greek the concept of 'Philosopher King' was proposed by _____
33. _____ is the inward movement of people.
34. _____ is a condition when goods supply is much less than the demand.
35. _____ is the incorporation of economic, environmental and social aspects of the issue in planning.
36. In terms of international law all countries are free and _____
37. The vertical legal order is found in _____
38. The _____ assembled at one place such as a theater is an aggregate.
39. United Nations Environmental Program was initiated from _____ UN Conference.
40. An entity which has a value and can be brought into transaction is a _____



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Time : 2 hrs. 30 mins.

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F. M. : 55

SECTION "C"

(Long answer questions)

[3Q × 7 = 21 marks]

Attempt *ANY THREE* questions.

1. What is environmental ethics? Describe the main features of the philosophy 'ecofeminism' and show how it is good for nature conservation.
2. Explain the various stages of the dynamics of the development of environmental law and policy with graphic illustration.
3. Describe the characteristics of a 'social group', 'social category' and an 'aggregate' with examples.
4. What are the policy choices for developing countries for economic development?

SECTION "D"

5. Differentiate between (*ANY TWO*) [2 × 4 = 8]
 - a) Multidisciplinary, interdisciplinary and transdisciplinary approaches
 - b) Distributive justice and restitutive justice
 - c) Free market and controlled economy
6. Give reasons why (*ANY FOUR*) [4 × 3 = 12]
 - a) Some pleasures are evil.
 - b) Complete integration is the best method in policy formulation.
 - c) Primary group shapes the personality of a person.
 - d) The success of human race is also due to the evolution of bipedalism.
 - e) Externalities are best managed by internalization.
7. Write short notes on (*ANY FOUR*) [4 × 2.5 = 10]
 - a) Holistic approach
 - b) Concentric zone model
 - c) Sovereignty
 - d) Moral subject
 - e) Transboundary resource
8. Find the Human Development Index (HDI) of a country where the average life expectancy is 68 years, literacy rate 60% and per capita income 650 US\$. The maximum and minimum value for life expectancy is 100 and 30 years, literacy rate is 100% and 20% and the per capita income is \$ 50000 and \$ 200. What is the status of this country?
[4]

