

KATHMANDU UNIVERSITY  
End Semester Examination  
August/September, 2017

Mark Scored:

Level : B. Sc.

Year : III

Course : ENVS 331

Semester : II

Exam Roll No. :

Time: 30 min

F. M. : 20

Registration No.:

Date

SEP 10 2017

SECTION "A"

[20 Q × 0.5 = 10 marks]

Mark "✓" in the most appropriate.

1. \_\_\_\_\_ of the constitution of Nepal 2072 give the right to obtain compensation, in accordance with law, for any injury caused from environmental pollution or degradation.  
a. Part-(3. 30.1)    b. Part-(3. 30.3)    c. Part-(3. 30.2)    d. Part-(3. 30.4)
2. \_\_\_\_\_ of the constitution of Nepal 2072 is to enhance product and productivity by carrying out land pooling, while discouraging inactive land ownership,  
a. Part-(4 .51.E.1)    b. Part-(4 .51.E.2)    c. Part-(4 .51.E.3)    d. Part-(4 .51.e.5)
3. \_\_\_\_\_ of the constitution of Nepal 2072 is to make advance warning, preparedness, rescue, relief and rehabilitation in order to mitigate risks from natural disasters.  
a. Part-(4 .51.g.9)    b. Part-(4 .51.g.8)    c. Part-(4 .51.g.7)    d. Part-(4 .51.g.6)
4. Interaction and inter-relationship among the components of natural, cultural and social systems, economic and human activities and their components:  
a. 5<sup>th</sup> Plan ( 1975-80) National Planning Commission  
b. Section 2 (a) of Environment Protection Act 1997, Nepal  
c. Section 2 (a) of Environment Act 1986, India  
d. Section 8 "Muluki Ain"(1853)
5. Environmental Laws are not always in \_\_\_\_\_ with "nature's rules", Complexity of nature, emergence an scale  
a. comply    b. counter-productive    c. unfair    d. harmony
6. \_\_\_\_\_ means sworn statements like those given in court.  
a. Caucus    b. Filibuster    c. Hearings    d. Bill
7. Muluki Ain, 1963 contains provisions relating animals in \_\_\_\_\_, and public land , recreational places,, irrigation canal , trust in chapter 8,9,10  
a. chapter 7    b. chapter 6    c. chapter 5    d. chapter 4





32. Conservation of Natural and Cultural Heritage legislative prohibit hunting, \_\_\_\_\_ and trading of endangered sps.
33. Development Control Environmental Laws controls \_\_\_\_\_ developmental such as large dam , road may exempt social Environment, occupational health and safety etc.
34. The Brundtland Report says humans laws must be \_\_\_\_\_ to keep human activities in harmony with the unchanging and universal laws of nature.”
35. Creation of cross- sectoral link is a legal mechanism of permit on \_\_\_\_\_ dimension and economic factor with public or environmental agencies participation, a policy processing in which EIA is mandatory.
36. \_\_\_\_\_ is a course of action or principle adopted or proposed by a government, party, business or individual.
37. In the Precautionary Principle, it requires firms to demonstrate \_\_\_\_\_ considerations for environmental protection.
38. The policy-making process that recognizes and addresses the \_\_\_\_\_ nature of ecological systems.
39. \_\_\_\_\_ State Economy is a non-growing economy that expands sideways rather than rising upwards.
40. National Conservation Strategy 1988 argues for considering the heavy reliance of the Nepalese population on the environmental \_\_\_\_\_ while undertaking developmental activities that are aimed at improving the quality of life of the people.

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SECTION "C"

Answer *ANY THREE* questions.

1. Define environmental law. Give an essay on evolution of environmental laws in Nepal. [2+5=7]
2. How the direct legislation differ with indirect one. Give an account of Environment Protection Act, 1997. [2+5=7]
3. How you say the earth is one and all nations depend on its resources for prosperity? Why Stockholm Conference on Human Environment 1972 is considered to be the beginning of the modern Environmental Laws at international level? [3+4=7]
4. What do you understand by Participatory policy-making approach? Do you see any symptoms of policy failure in Nepal, if so analyze why it must have occurred. [2+2+3=7]

SECTION "D"

5. Write short notes on (*ANY THREE*) [3Q × 3=9]
  - a. Part-(4 .51.1) of the constitution of Nepal 2072
  - b. Water Resources Acts, 2049
  - c. Steps of Public Interest Litigation
  - d. Approaches to ADR
6. Give Reasons (*ANY FOUR*) [4Q × 4 =16]
  - a. Environmental Laws are needed due to Negative externalities, "Free rider" problem and Tragedy of commons in society
  - b. Part 3 article 30 of the constitution of Nepal 2072 addressed the proper balance between the environment and development
  - c. Power to Arrest without Warrant is granted in Forest Act, 2049.
  - d. Nepal's supreme court looks after conflicts related to environmental issues on the basis of Public Interest Litigation (PIL)
  - e. Structural conflicts arises due to unfair balance of power
7. Differentiate Clearly (*ANY THREE*) [3Q × 3 = 9]
  - a. Judicial Power and Extra Judicial Powers of Apex Court
  - b. Pro Public and LEADERS Nepal
  - c. Merits and demerits of Courts
  - d. Extended Polluter Responsibility and Polluters Pay Principle

