

KATHMANDU UNIVERSITY
End Semester Examination [C]
June/July 2024

Level : B.E.
Year : III
Time : 2 hrs. 30mins.

07 JUL 2024

Course : EEG 309
Semester : I
F. M. : 40

SECTION "B"
[4Q. × 10 = 40 marks]

Attempt ANY FOUR questions. Symbols have their usual meaning. Students are required to write answer in their own words as far as practicable. Smith chart will be provided.

1.

- Let $\vec{D} = 5 r^2 a_r$ mC/m² for $r \leq 0.08$ m and $\vec{D} = 0.205/r^2 a_r$ $\mu\text{C}/\text{m}^2$ for $r \geq 0.08$. Find volume charge density for $r = 0.06$ m and $r = 0.09$ m [4]
- Starting from the Maxwell's equation, derive the expression for the attenuation constant and the phase constant for a uniform plane wave travelling through a perfect dielectric. [6]

2.

- A lossless transmission line of length 0.434λ and characteristic impedance 100Ω is terminated in an impedance $260 + j180 (\Omega)$. Using Smith Chart, find (a) voltage reflection coefficient (b) standing wave ratio (c) the input impedance [5]
- Inner conductor of radius 'a' of a coaxial cable held at potential V_0 while the other conductor of radius 'b' is grounded. Determine (i) potential distribution between the conductor (ii) surface charge density (ii) capacitance per unit length. [5]

3.

- The maximum amplitude of the electric field of a 250 MHz uniform plane wave propagating in free space along the negative Z direction is 0.5 V/m. The electric field is polarized in the Y direction and its maximum value is observed at $t = 0$ and $Z = -12$ cm. Obtain the phase of the sinusoidal waveform and expression for the instantaneous forms of the electric and magnetic fields. Also specify the orientation of the magnetic field vector. [5]
- Draw a two wire transmission line configuration and obtain the expression for the characteristic impedance in terms of primary constants. [5]

4.

- Derive an expression for the cut off frequency in a rectangular waveguide. [5]
- Write the Maxwell's equations and express them in phasor form. [3]
- Consider a wave propagating through seawater whose conductivity is 9 S/m and $\mu = \mu_0$. If frequency of propagating wave is 6 MHz, find the skin depth and wave velocity. [2]

5.

- What happens when a uniform plane wave is incident on a boundary between two different mediums? What type of relationship exists between transmission coefficient and reflection coefficient? Explain with proper derivation. [5]
- Write short notes on: [2.5×2=5]
(i) Optical waveguides (ii) Voltage Standing Wave Ratio (VSWR)

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SECTION "A"

[20Q. \times 0.5 = 10 marks]

Choose and encircle in the most appropriate option from each set of choices

- Maxwell in his equations of electromagnetism introduced the concept of _____
a. AC current
b. Displacement current
c. Inductance
d. Reactance
- For loss less transmission, the transmission line parameters are related as _____
a. $R=0, G \neq 0$
b. $R/G = C/L$
c. $R=0, G = 0$
d. $R/G = L/C$
- If the reflection coefficient is zero, then VSWR equals to _____
a. 0.1
b. 0.3
c. 0.5
d. 1
- The propagation mode supported by transmission line is _____
a. TM
b. TM and TE
c. TEM
d. TE
- For short-circuited transmission line, the reflection coefficient equals to _____
a. Zero
b. Infinite
c. 1
d. -1
- Which of the following is true for not time varying field?
a. $\Delta \times \vec{E} = 0$
b. $\Delta \times \vec{E} = 1$
c. $\Delta \times \vec{E} = \partial \vec{B} / \partial t$
d. $\Delta \times \vec{E} = -\partial \vec{B} / \partial t$
- If reflection coefficient is 1 then transmission coefficient is equal to _____
a. -1
b. 1
c. 0
d. 2
- In a wave guide if TM mode exists for z-direction propagation then _____
a. $E_z=0, H_z \neq 0$
b. $E_z \neq 0, H_z=0$
c. $H_z=0, E_z=0$
d. $E_z \neq 0, H_z \neq 0$
- Which of the following represents the Laplace equation?
a. $\Delta^2 V = 0$
b. $\Delta^2 V = \rho_v / \epsilon_0$
c. $\Delta^2 V = -\rho_v / \epsilon_0$
d. $\Delta^2 V = -\epsilon_0 / \rho_v$
- Conversion of point $P(r, \theta, z) = (4, 5\pi/6, 3)$ into rectangular co-ordinate yields _____
a. $P(x, y, z) = P(-2\sqrt{3}, 2, 3)$
b. $P(x, y, z) = P(2\sqrt{3}, 3, 3)$
c. $P(x, y, z) = P(\sqrt{3}, 1, 3)$
d. $P(x, y, z) = P(-\sqrt{3}, 3, 3)$
- For TM mode of propagation in a rectangular waveguide, which of the following is the dominant mode of propagation?
a. TM_{01}
b. TM_{10}
c. TM_{00}
d. TM_{11}

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200 10

