

9. The block of 8237 that decodes the various commands given to the 8237 by the CPU is
 Timing and control block Program command control block
 Priority block Current address register block
10. Which statement is **TRUE** for DMA?
 DMA channel can be programmed to manually set up and start another DMA transfer
 It allows certain hardware subsystems to read/write data to/from memory
 64 KByte section of memory address capability with multiple programming
 Software instruction has different effect as the hardware reset
11. Intel 8088 CPU has both BIU and EU. Which one of these statements is **CORRECT**?
 Both of them works to calculate address
 ALU in BIU counts data
 EU is used for data calculation instead of address
 BIU is a Base Instruction Unit
12. If the instruction is MOV AL, [1000] with DS=0100H, which one is the physical address which data will be written into AL?
 02000H 11000H 1100H 0200H
13. In 8085 microprocessor system with memory mapped I/O, which of the following is **TRUE**?
 Devices have 8-bit address line
 Devices are accessed using IN and OUT instructions
 There can be maximum of 256 input devices and 256 output devices
 Arithmetic and logic operations can be directly performed with the I/O data
14. Which of the following is **NOT** a property of TRAP interrupt in microprocessor?
 It uses edge-triggered signal It is a vectored interrupt
 It is a non-maskable interrupt It is of highest priority
15. In mode 2 of Programmable Interval Timer 8254, if N is loaded as the count value, then after (N-1) cycles, the output becomes low for
 1 clockcycle 2 clockcycles 3 clockcycles 4 clockcycles
16. MOV AX, [1234H] Type of addressing mode used for
 Immediate addressing mode Direct addressing mode
 Register relative mode Base index mode
17. In Maximum Mode of 8086 Microprocessor control bus signal S0, S1 and S2 are sent out in _____ form
 Decoded Encoded Shared Unshared
18. Which of the following is the **CORRECT** sequence of operations in a microprocessor?
 Opcode fetch, memory read, memory write, I/O read, I/O write
 Opcode fetch, memory write, memory read, I/O read, I/O write
 I/O read, opcode fetch, memory read, memory write, I/O write
 I/O read, opcode fetch, memory write, memory read, I/O write
19. A memory connected to a microprocessor has 20 address lines and 16 data lines. What will be the memory capacity?
 8 KB 2 MB 16 MB 64 KB
20. In 8086 the overflow flag is set when
 The sum is more than 16 bits
 Subtraction
 Carry and sign flags are set
 Signed numbers go out of their range after an arithmetic operation

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Semester : II
F. M. : 40

SECTION "B"

[6Q. × 4 = 24 marks]

Attempt *ANY SIX* questions.

1. What is the function of program counter in microprocessor? Explain briefly what happens when the INTR signal goes High in 8085?
2. Mention the complete bit configuration of 8085 flag register. Explain the Software and Hardware interrupts of 8085.
3. What are the different types of instructions in 8086 microprocessor? Write a program to add a data byte located at offset 0400H in 3000H segment to another data byte available at 0500H in the same segment and store the result at 0800H in the same segment.
4. What is design interfacing of 8282 latches to 8086 system? Explain bus transceiver 8286 with diagram.
5. Describe internal block diagram of 8259 programmable interval timer.
6. Explain the use of 8288 bus controller and in which mode it is used. Illustrate with a block diagram, major parts of 8288 controllers.
7. How does a stack work in assembly language? What are the conditional CALL statements in assembly language?

SECTION "C"

[2Q. × 8 = 16 marks]

Attempt *ANY TWO* marks.

8.
 - a. What are the conditional CALL statements in assembly language?
 - b. What do you mean by addressing mode? Explain all the addressing mode available in 8086 microprocessor with an example.
9. Explain the modes of operation in 8254 programmable Interval timer. Mention the features of 8254 microprocessor with its pin diagram.
10. Define Direct Memory Access (DMA). Explain about DMA controller 8237 interfacing with microprocessor and explain its operation process in details.