

KATHMANDU UNIVERSITY  
End Semester Examination [C]  
April/May, 2023

03. May - 023

Level : B.E.  
Year : II  
Time : 2 hrs. 30 mins.

Course : CIEG 203  
Semester : I  
F.M. : 40

SECTION "B"

Attempt **ALL** questions. Assume data if necessary.

1. Describe briefly the concept of particle, rigid body, and deformable body. [3]
2. An electric light fixture weighing 15 N hangs from point C, by two strings AC and BC. The string AC is inclined at  $60^\circ$  to the horizontal and BC at  $45^\circ$  to the horizontal as shown in the given figure 1. Determine the forces in the strings AC and BC. [4]
3. The given figure 2 shows the cross-section of a cast iron beam. Determine the moments of inertia of the section about the horizontal and vertical axes passing through the centroid of the section. [6]

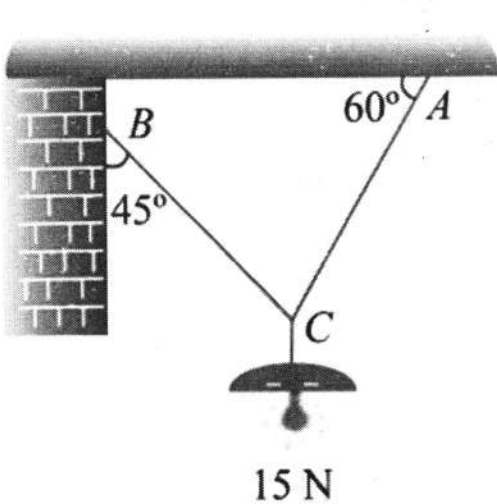


Figure 1

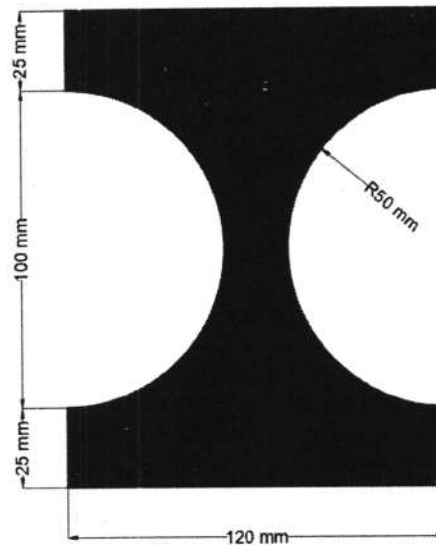


Figure 2

4. Define limiting friction, angle of friction, and coefficient of static and dynamic friction. [4]
5. Draw the bending moment diagram, shear force and axial force diagrams for the given figure 3. And also indicate the salient points. [8]

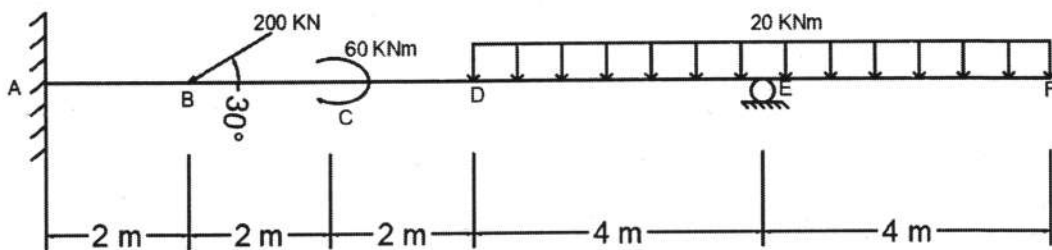


Figure 3

6. Determine the magnitude and nature of member forces in BC, CH, HG, and CG in the truss which carries a vertical load of 9 kN and 12 kN as shown in figure 4 below. [8]

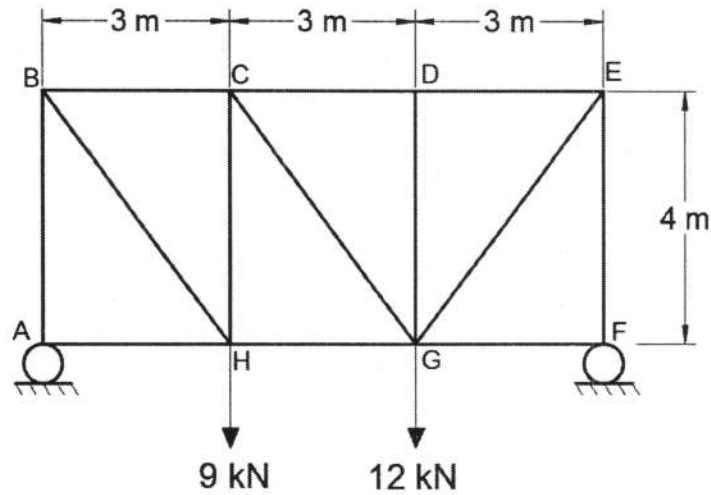


Figure 3

7. Explain the term General plane motion of a rigid body with example. The motion of an oscillating crank is defined by the relation  $\Theta = \Theta_0 \sin(\pi t/T) - (0.5 \Theta_0) \sin(2\pi t/T)$  where  $\Theta$  is expressed in radians and  $t$  in seconds. Knowing that  $\Theta_0 = 6$  rad and  $T = 4$  s, determine the angular coordinate, the angular velocity, and the angular acceleration of the crank when (a)  $t = 0$ , (b)  $t = 2$  s. [2+5]