

KATHMANDU UNIVERSITY

End Semester Examination

July/August 2024

06 AUG 2024

Level : B.E.

Year : II

Time : 2 hrs. 30mins.

Course : ARCH 202

Semester : I

F. M. : 40

Students are encouraged to support their answers with necessary figures, illustration and drawings.

SECTION "B"

[4Q. × 4 = 16 marks]

Attempt *ANY FOUR* questions with necessary sketches.

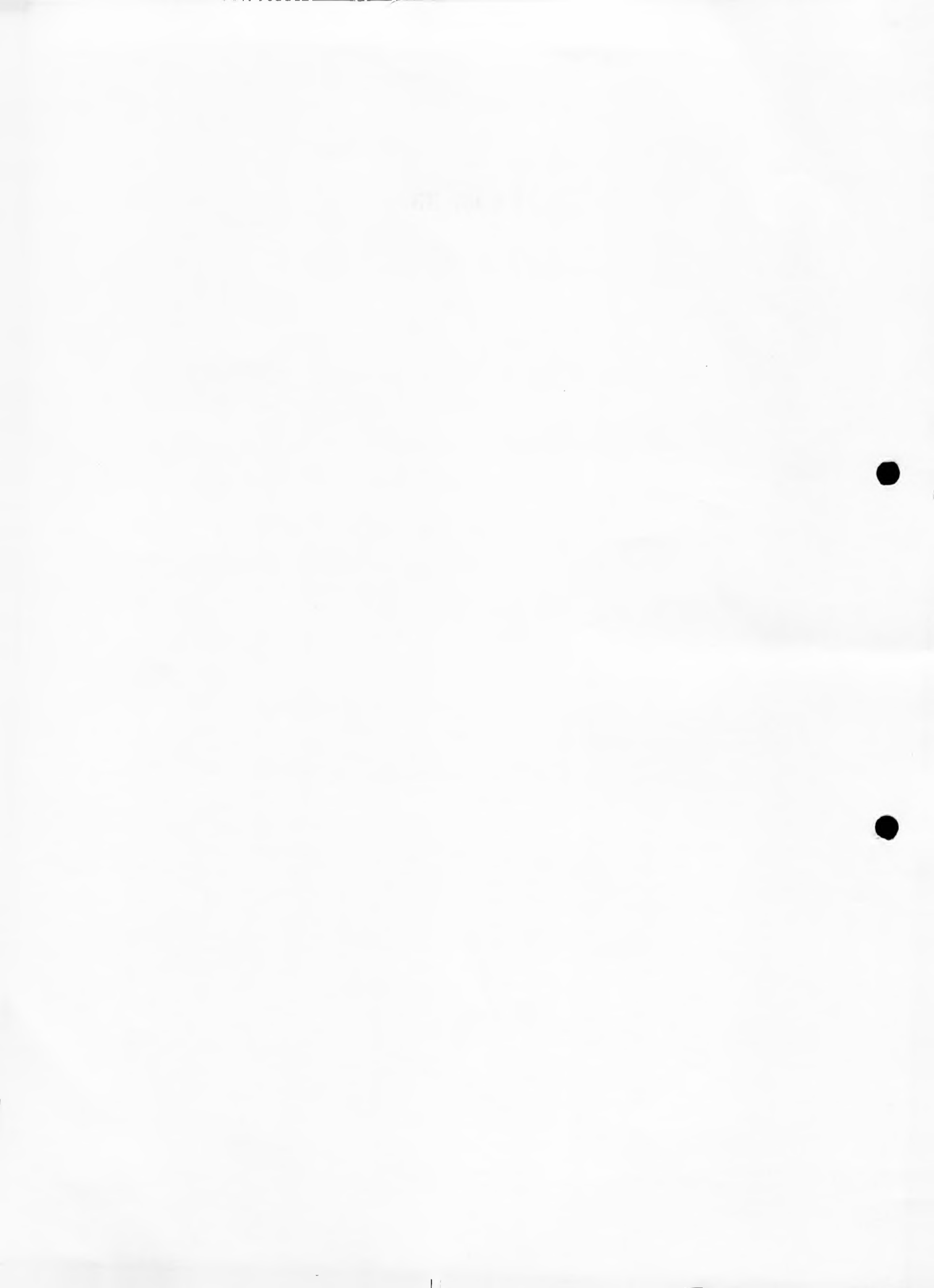
1. Describe the TWO extant types of Lichchhavi religious structures with drawings.
2. Why is the "tiered" temple of Kathmandu Valley unique? Explain with drawings.
3. What is the significance of streets in Malla period settlements of Kathmandu Valley?
4. Describe the different components of the water architecture of Kathmandu Valley.
5. What are the FOUR key changes that were introduced in the architecture of Rana period?

SECTION "C"

[3Q. × 8 = 24 marks]

Attempt *ANY THREE* questions with necessary sketches.

6. Describe TWO major types of Hindu religious structures of Kathmandu Valley. Elaborate your answers with examples and sketches.
7. What are the TWO major types of Buddhist religious structures of Kathmandu Valley? Describe with examples and sketches.
8. Open spaces are a striking characteristic of the Newar settlements of Kathmandu Valley. Elaborate with examples and sketches FOUR different types of open spaces.
9. Describe a typical Newar residence. Elaborate with plans, elevation and section.



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Marks Scored:

Level : B.E.

Year : II

Exam Roll No. :

Time: 30 mins.

Registration No.:

Course : ARCH 202

Semester : I

F. M. : 10

Date :

06 AUG 2024

SECTION "A"

[20Q. × 0.5 = 10 marks]

**Choose and encircle the most appropriate option from each set of choices**

- Lumbini, the birthplace of Lord Buddha was inscribed in the UNESCO World Heritage List in:  
a. 1987                      b. 1997                      c. 2007                      d. 2017
- Which of the following sites related to the life of Gautam Buddha is not in the Greater Lumbini Area?  
a. Ramagram                      b. Tilaurakot                      c. Lumbini                      d. Kusinagar
- Which of the following is an important chronology or document that support the historical development of "Nepal Valley"?  
a. Gopalarajavamsavali                      b. Ramayana  
c. Ancient Nepal                      d. Nepal Mandala
- The Kirata settlements are called:  
a. Pithugwora                      b. Pith                      c. Pringga                      d. Plinth
- Which dynasty built "Kailashkut" in Handigaon, Kathmandu?  
a. Gopala                      b. Malla                      c. Kirata                      d. Lichchhavi
- Krishna temple in Patan Durbar Square was built by:  
a. Sivasimha Malla                      b. Siddhinarasimha Malla  
c. Jayaprakasa Malla                      d. Jayasthiti Malla
- Which of the following is NOT a Buddhist religious structure?  
a. Chaitya                      b. Chuka                      c. Stupa                      d. Bahal
- Which of the following is not a feature of multi-tiered temples of Kathmandu Valley is  
a. Dome                      b. Posts                      c. Toranas                      d. Roofs
- Who built the original Dharahara?  
a. Bhimsen Thapa                      b. Prithvi Narayan Shah  
c. Pratap Narsingh Malla                      d. Amar Singh Thapa

10. When was Kathmandu Valley inscribed in the UNESCO World Heritage List?  
a. 1969                      b. 1979                      c. 1989                      d. 1999

**Fill in the blanks with appropriate answer.**

11. The four major pilgrimage sites related to the life of Gautam Buddha are Lumbini, Bodhgaya, Sarnath and \_\_\_\_\_
12. The Kirats were preceded by the \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_
13. Kirata towns had \_\_\_\_\_ within the town and \_\_\_\_\_ outside it.
14. \_\_\_\_\_ was the capital of early Lichchavis and the location of Mangriha, the palace of Manadeva.
15. \_\_\_\_\_, Khasa king from Far-western Nepal visited Lumbini and Kathmandu Valley in the 14<sup>th</sup> century.
16. \_\_\_\_\_ built the Nhu Pukhu or Rani pokhari in Kathmandu.
17. Mahabouddha temple in Lalitpur is a \_\_\_\_\_ style terracotta temple.
18. Bhaktapur Protected Monument Zone includes three squares: a) \_\_\_\_\_, b) \_\_\_\_\_, and c) \_\_\_\_\_
19. Boudha, the largest stupa in Nepal is also known as the \_\_\_\_\_ stupa in Newari language.
20. Besides Lumbini, the birthplace of Lord Buddha, the other two sites related to the life of Gautam Buddha on the UNESCO Tentative World Heritage List are \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_