

KATHMANDU UNIVERSITY
End Semester Examination
May/June, 2022

Mark Scored:

Level : B.Sc.
Year : I

Course : AGET 111
Semester : II

Exam Roll No. :

Time: 30 mins.

F.M. : 20

Registration No.:

Date:

SECTION "A"
[10Q. × 1 = 10 marks]

Encircle the most appropriate option.

- Who did develop the "Triple roles" framework of gender analysis tools?
a. Rani Parker
b. Caroline Moser
c. Theodore Roosevelt
d. William Graham Summer
- What attributes do conflict theorists focus on in deviance theory?
a. Action and reaction
b. Education and Awareness
c. Power and inequality
d. Crime and punishment
- Who did create the social psychological concept of the "Looking-glass self"?
a. Charles Horton Cooley
b. George Herbert Mead
c. Sigmund Freud
d. Horton and Hunt
- _____ argued that there are two distinctive forms of patriarchy that exist in the social world.
a. Green
b. Sylvia Walby
c. Bogardus
d. Auguste Comte
- _____ is regarded as the "father of sociology".
a. Emile Durkheim
b. Herbert Spencer
c. Auguste Comte
d. Henry Fairchild
- How many types of social problems are distinguished by Sociologists?
a. Two
b. Three
c. Four
d. Five
- What is said to be the process of social adjustment?
a. Accommodation
b. Adjustment
c. Amalgamation
d. Assimilation
- Which theory does examine stratification from a micro-level perspective?
a. Functionalism Theory
b. Conflict Theory
c. Economic Theory
d. Symbolic Theory
- When first Journal of Rural sociology had been published?
a. 1937
b. 1920
c. 1945
d. 1988
- Which country first did use the term social exclusion?
a. France
b. Germany
c. England
d. Norway

SECTION "B"
[10Q. × 1 = 10 marks]

Fill in the blanks.

11. The Harvard Analytical Framework of gender analysis tool is also known as _____.
12. _____ refers to the reputation or esteem associated with one's position in society”
13. Abolition of child marriage, under-age marriage, and inter-caste marriage are some of the important instances of _____.
14. The social process which leads to _____ is called an associative or conjunctive social process.
15. _____ is a general term used for a variety of situations in which a person is born with reproductive or sexual anatomy that doesn't fit the boxes of “female” or “male.”
16. _____ is any type of work that involves manual labor.
17. _____ have expanded the definition of patriarchal society to describe a systemic bias against women.
18. Socialization consists of four stages from infancy to adulthood. They are: (1) The oral stage, (2) The anal stage, (3) The oedipal stage, and (4) _____.
19. Rising agricultural productivity can be a strong driver of _____ the rural space, in many developing countries.
20. According to **Horton and Leslie** social problem is “a condition affecting a significant number of people in ways considered undesirable, about which it felt that something can be done through _____ social action”

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F.M. : 55

Candidates are required to give their answer in their own words as far as practicable.

SECTION "C"
[3Q. × 10 = 30 marks]
(Long answer questions)

Attempt **ANY THREE** questions.

1. Define Sociology and write the importance of Sociology. Discuss the scope of rural sociology.
2. Define social change. Mention the factors which influence to be social change.
3. What do you mean by rural dynamics? Write down the rural transformation trends and driving forces.
4. Write down the Characteristics of Rural society. Define the Social Problem along with how we solve the social problem.

SECTION "D"
[5Q. × 5 = 25 marks]

Write short notes (**ANY FIVE**).

5. Amalgamation with examples
6. Dimensions of Stratification
7. Intersex, transgender and cisgender
8. Paradigm and domain of social exclusion.
9. Patriarchy and structure of patriarchy.
10. Change agent and its role in an organization unit

